

29 MAY 2024



NATUREFIRST

HABITAT MAPPING

Boris Hinojo / Federico Cheda - 3edata



3edata



Funded by
the European Union

WHY
MAPPING
HABITATS

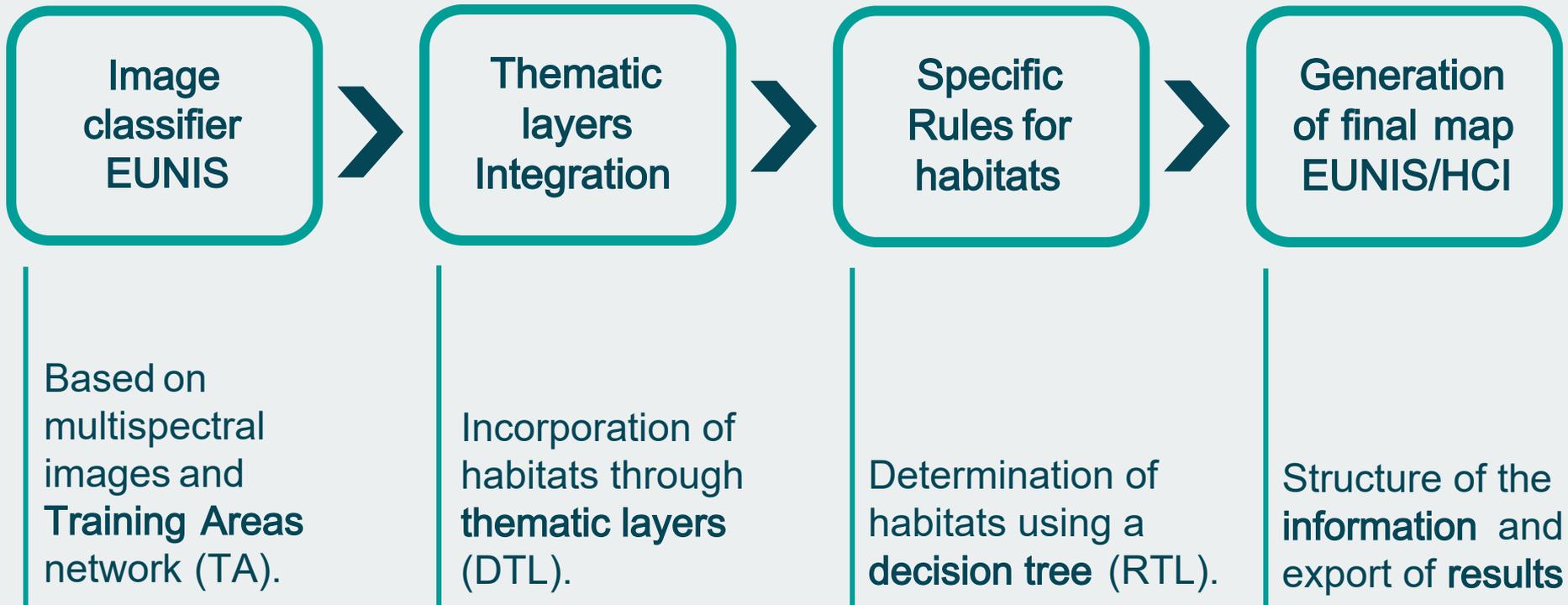
**Automating the
process**

Internal Functioning of the Model

General scheme. Mapping



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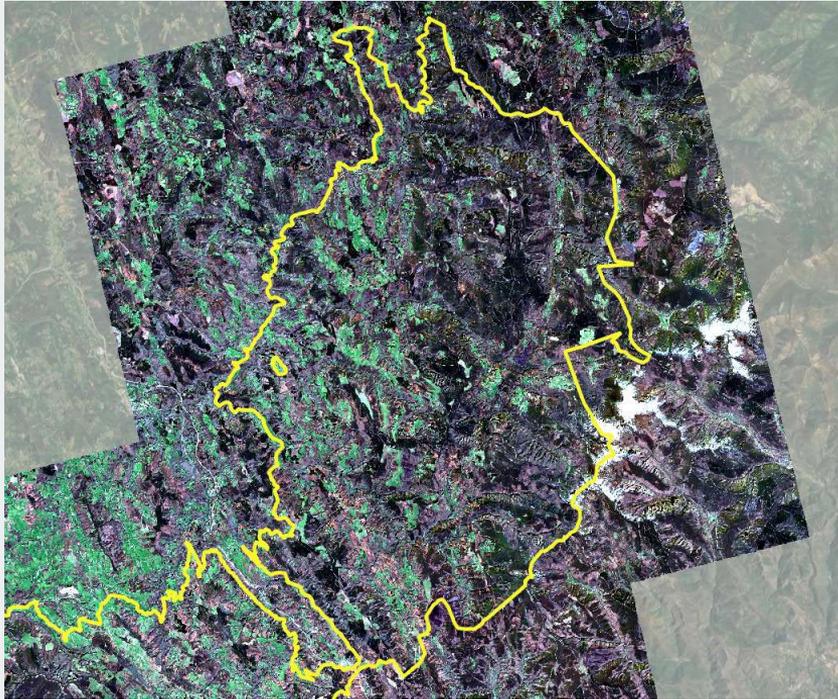


Internal Functioning of the Model

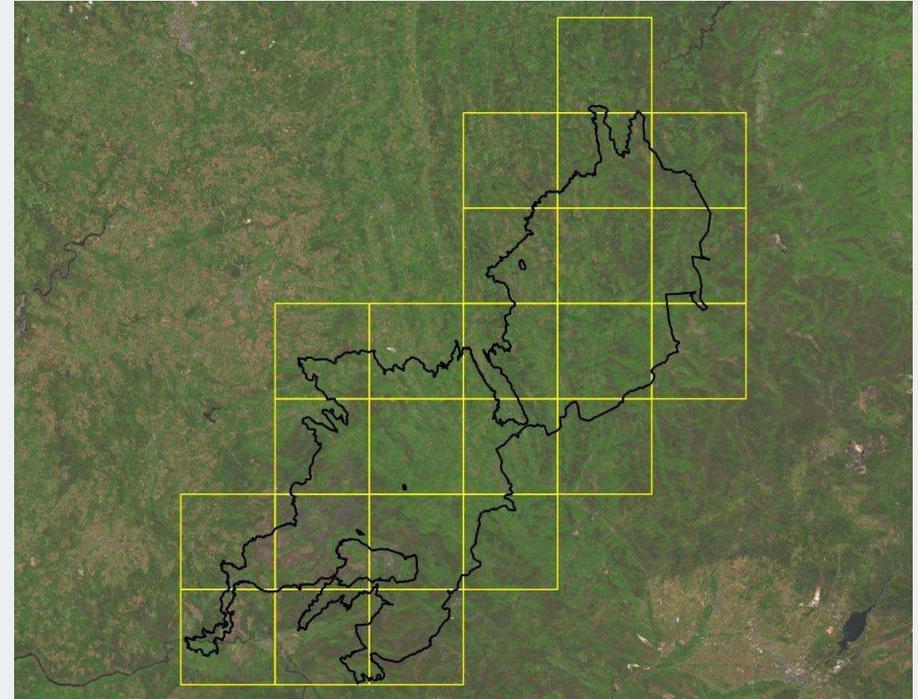
Minimal unit of analysis



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Multispectral image mosaics.
Classification system based on N images



Basic unit of analysis (cells) 10x10km grid
for Sentinel 2 imagery

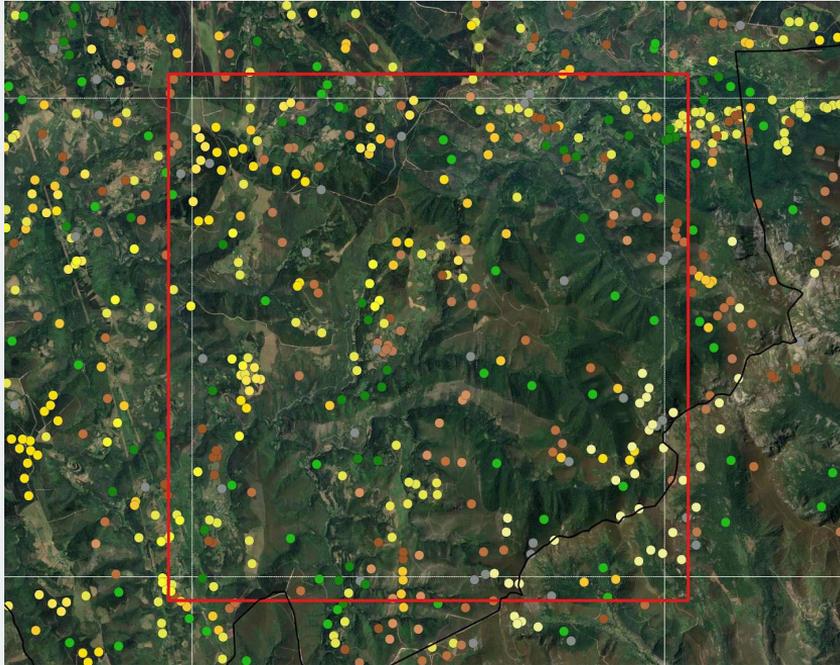


Internal Functioning of the Model

The importance of the Ground Truth



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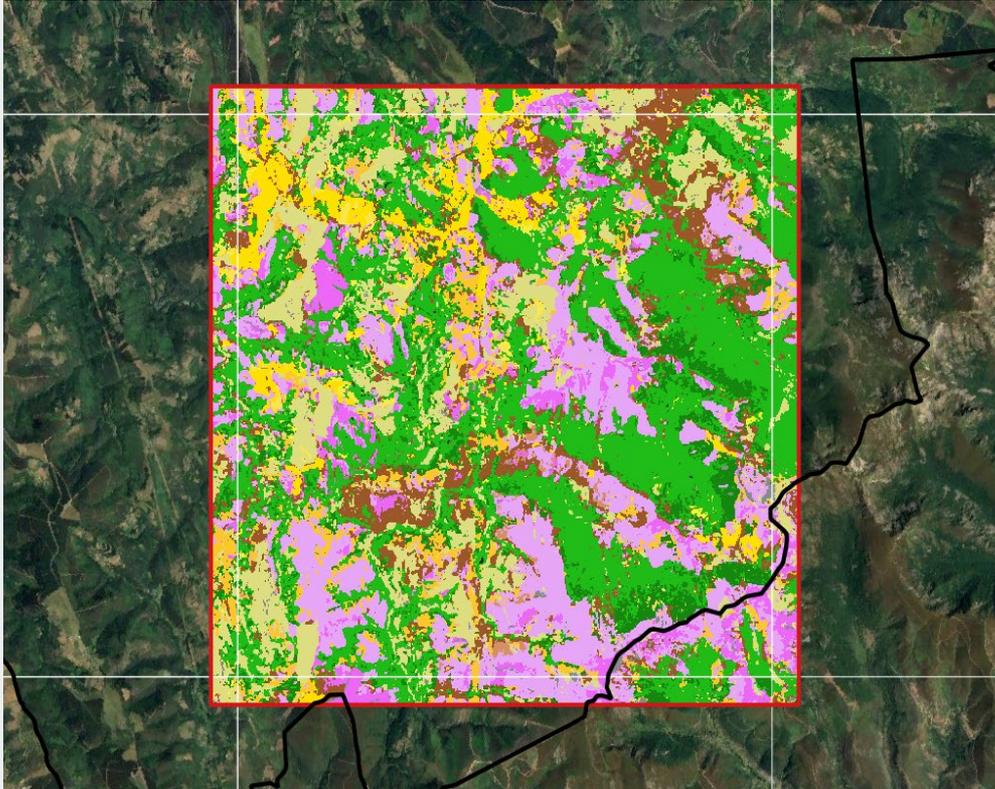
Network of **Training Areas**. Labelled with maximum known level of EUNIS classification. Densification and determination of classes adapted to each cell 10x10km.

Internal Functioning of the Model

Spectral response of a habitat



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EUNIS classes in the Image Classifier product (Raster format)

- E-Grasslands
- E5.31-Sub-Atlantic bracken fields
- F3.15-Gorse thickets
- F3.25-Piornales
- F4.2-Dry heaths
- F4.2421-Luso-Galician collinar heaths
- F4.2441-Galicio-Leonese [*Erica aragonensis*] heaths
- G1.7B2-Cantabrian Pyrenean oak forests
- G1.7D-Chestnut woodland
- G1.9151 - Cantabrian [*Betula celtiberica*] woodlands
- G1.C-Highly artificial broadleaved deciduous forestry plantations
- G2.12 - Holm-oak woodland
- G2.81-Eucalyptus plantations
- G3-Coniferous woodland
- G3.F-Highly artificial coniferous plantations
- H-Unvegetated

Internal Functioning of the Model



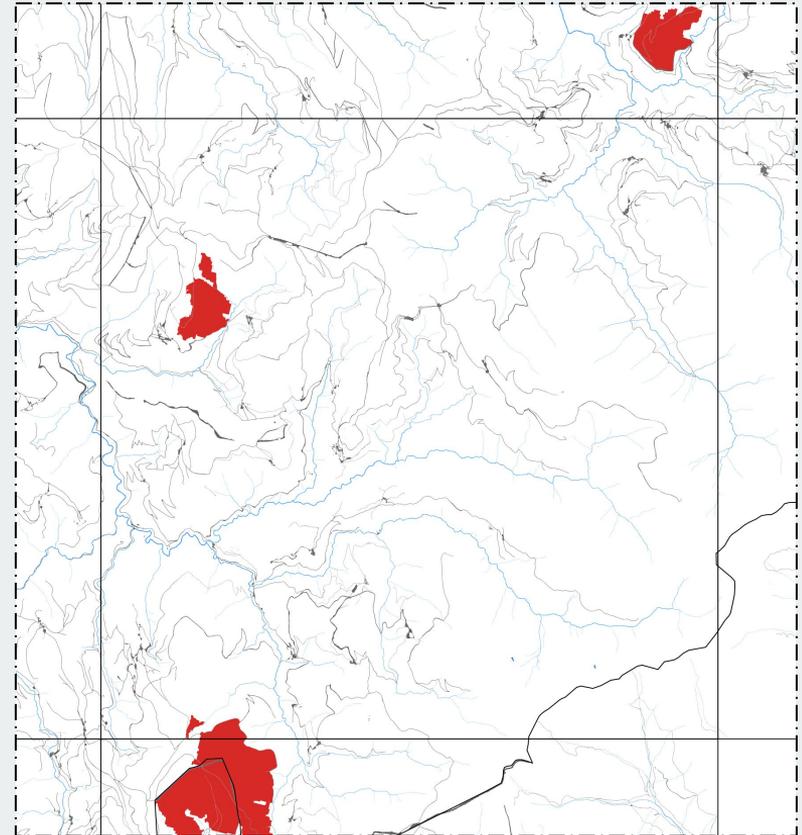
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Thematic layers Integration [DTL]

Integration of previous reference cartography.
Classes easily assimilated with a EUNIS category,
with proven accuracy and reliability. Examples:

- Water bodies and river channels
- Buildings/Urbanizations
- Communication
- Infrastructures
- Burnt areas

EUNIS DTL
C1 - Surface standing waters
C1.1 - Permanent oligotrophic lakes, ponds and pools
C1.3 - Permanent eutrophic lakes, ponds and pools
C1.4 - Permanent dystrophic lakes, ponds and pools
C3.4 - Species-poor beds of low-growing water-fringing or amphibious vegetation
C2 - Surface running waters
C2.1 - Springs, spring brooks and geysers
C2.2 - Permanent non-tidal, fast, turbulent watercourses
H3 - Inland cliffs, rock pavements and outcrops
H5.51 - Unvegetated recently burnt ground
J1 - Buildings of cities, towns and villages
J4 - Transport networks and other constructed hard-surfaced areas
J4.2 - Road networks
J5 - Highly artificial man-made waters and associated structures



Internal Functioning of the Model

Specific Rules for habitats [RTL]



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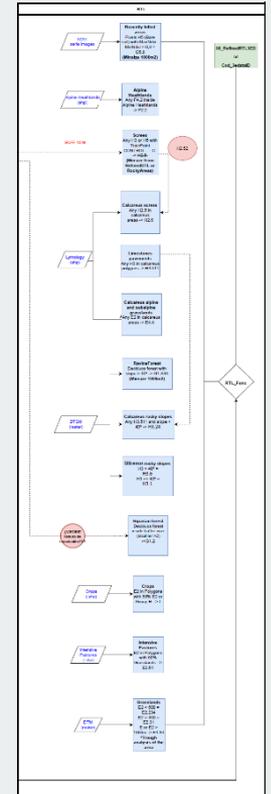
Analysis of previous cartography and biogeographic information.

Definition of rules for assigning new EUNIS categories not previously identified.

Examples:

- Altitude map
- Slope map
- Geologic map
- Agrarian maps (CAP)

EUNIS RTL
E2.234 - Northern Iberian submontane hay meadows
E2.31 - Alpic mountain hay meadows
E2.61 - Dry or moist agriculturally-improved grassland
E4.36 - Oro-Iberian acidophilous grassland
E4.4 - Calcareous alpine and subalpine grassland
F2.2 - Evergreen alpine and subalpine heath and scrub
G1.2 - Mixed riparian floodplain and gallery woodland
G1.A44 - Pyreneo-Cantabrian mixed elm - oak forests
G5.8 - Recently felled areas
H2.5 - Acid siliceous screes of warm exposures
H2.6 - Calcareous and ultra-basic screes of warm exposures
H3.1 - Acid siliceous inland cliffs
H3.24 - Western mediterraneo-montane chasmophyte communities
H3.511 - Limestone pavements
H3.6 - Weathered rock and outcrop habitats
I - Regularly or recently cultivated agricultural, horticultural and domestic habitats



Internal Functioning of the Model

Habitat monitoring . Assessment of conservation status



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- Updating** of the habitat mapping.
- Automatic **change detection**.
- Analysis of the **dynamics of occupation**.
- Processes of **continuous improvement** of the Model.
- Improve the capacity for **multi-scale analysis**.



WORKFLOW



**Producing the
Habitat Map**

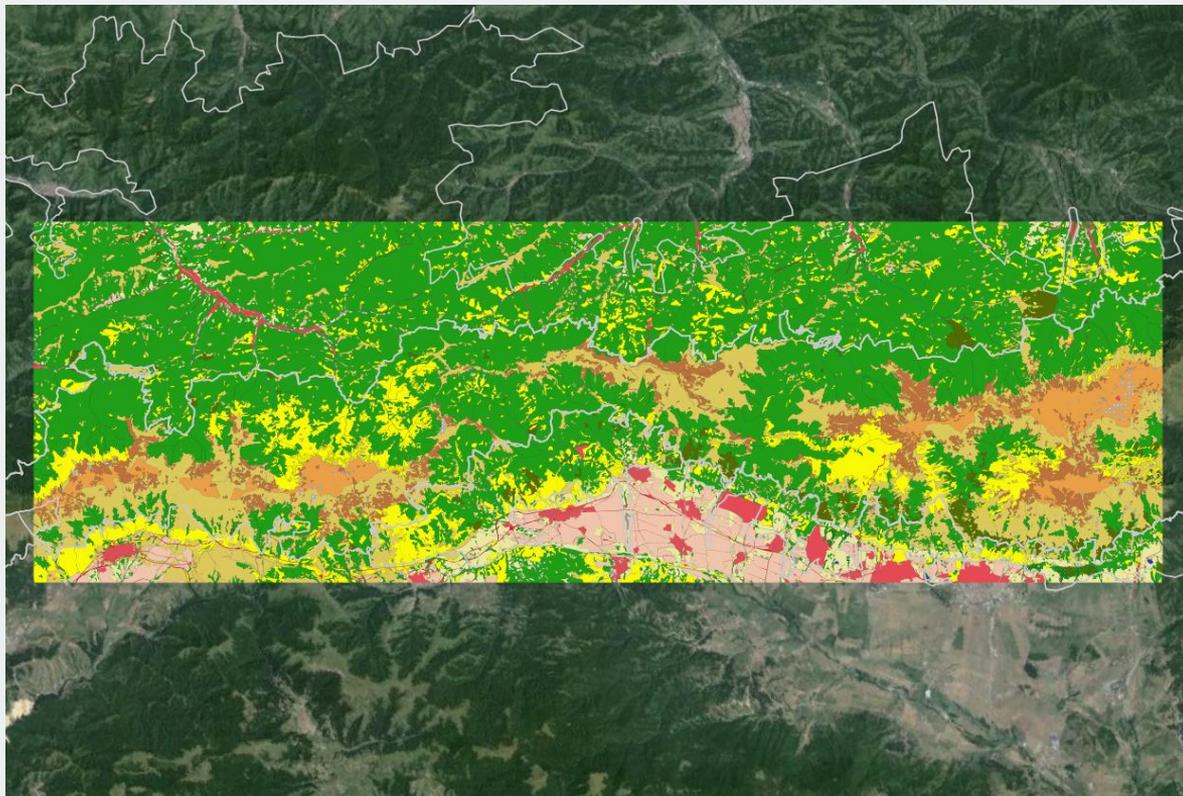
Through the Habitat Mapping Model

Workflow. Interaction process

Use case: Tsentralen Balkan



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Habitat Mapping request (BAS)



Analysis , resources & objectives
(BAS & 3EDATA)



Training Areas Network (TAN)
(BAS & 3EDATA)



1st iteration of HM-Model
(3EDATA)



Improvements to the TAN and
HM-Model (BAS & 3EDATA)



2nd iteration of HM-Model
(3EDATA)



Habitat Map Results



Workflow. Interaction process

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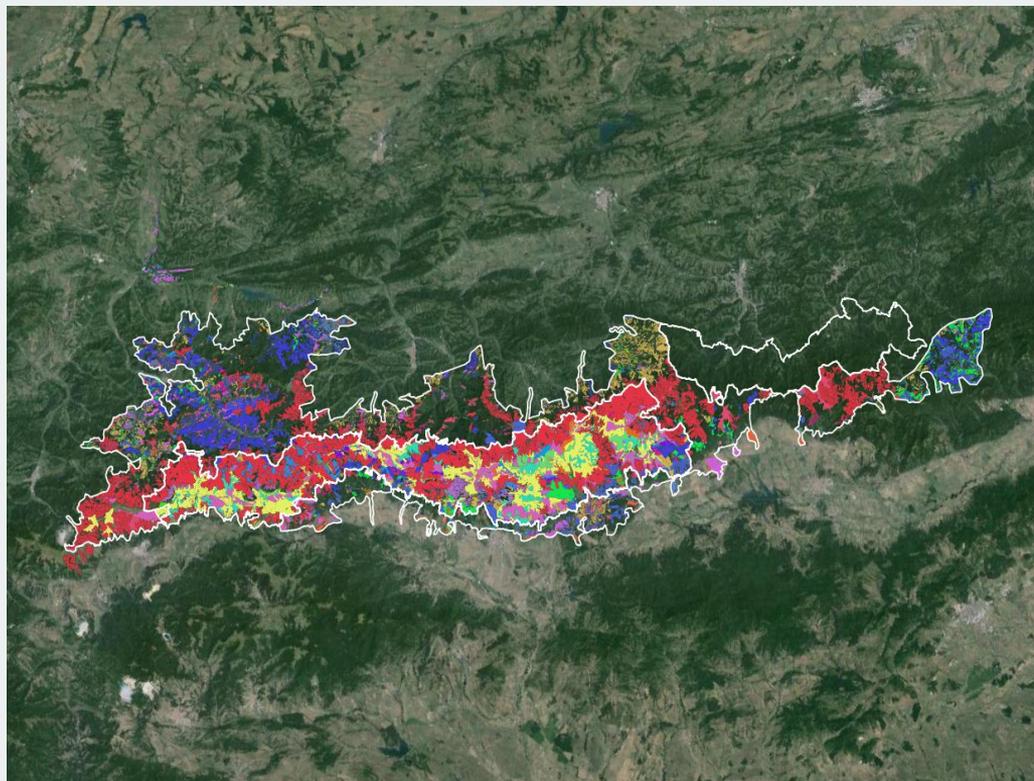


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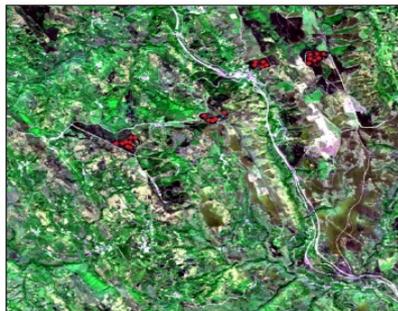
3edata



- The goal is to include 20 well-distributed points for each class of EUNIS you are interested in classifying (as long as possible).



GOOD distribution



BAD distribution

- Select the point in homogeneous areas of a certain size, NEVER select the point in very small areas so as not to overlap with other classes.



GOOD SELECTION in a rocky area

BAD SELECTION in a rocky area



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Manual for the creation of training areas

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Habitat Map Results



```
RStudio
File Edit Code View Plots Session Build Debug Profile Tools Help
NF-HabitatCode-T2-2-Block1.R NF-HabitatCode-T2-2-Block2.R NF-HabitatCode-T2-2-Block3.R NF-HabitatCode-T2-2-Block4.R
Source on Save
77 default = paste0(ProjectDir, "/", gpkg),
78 multi = FALSE)# EPSG4326
79 # EEA reference grid 10kx EPSG4326
80 GRIDLayerPath <- tcTk::tk_choose.files(caption = "Select file: EEA Reference Grid Layer",
81 default = paste0(ProjectDir, "/", gpkg),
82 multi = FALSE)# EPSG4326
83 # Training Areas Layer EPSG4326
84 TrainingAreasLayerPath <- tcTk::tk_choose.files(caption = "Select file: Training Areas (TA) Layer",
85 default = paste0(ProjectDir, "/", gpkg),
86 multi = FALSE)# EPSG4326
87
88 # List Vector Layers
89 InputVectorListPaths <- c(AoILayerPath,
90 GRIDLayerPath,
91 TrainingAreasLayerPath)
92
93 # Raster Layers
94 # Sensor Source
95 Sensor <- menu(choices = c("1: X MS IAS images",
96 "2: X satellite MS images",
97 "3: Sentinel-2 satellite MS images"),
98 graphics = TRUE,
99 title = "Multispectral image classification source")
100
101 # Input MS images min 1 to N (max recommended 4 - seasonal)
102 MSlist <- list(tcTk::tk_choose.files(caption = "Select first multispectral input image",
103 default = paste0(ProjectDir, "/", gpkg),
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105
106 AddImage <- svDialogs::dlgInput("Do you have another image to add? (Y/N)",
107 Sys.info()[ 'user' ])$res
108
109 [Untitled] R Script
Console Terminal Background Jobs
R 4.2.2 C:\GitHub\Repositories\NF-HabitatCode-3edata\code\
> # CSV path
> CSVpath <- paste0(ProjectPath, "/csv")
> if (!dir.exists(CSVpath)) {dir.create(CSVpath)}
> # Temp path
> TempPath <- paste0(ProjectPath, "/temp")
> if (!dir.exists(TempPath)) {dir.create(TempPath)}
> TempPath
[1] "F:/20240500_NF-BG/20240500_NF-ES-AC_HR/20240526_BG_StaroPlaninaMountain_temp"
> # Raster Layers
> # Sensor Source
> Sensor <- menu(choices = c("1: X MS IAS images",
+ "2: X satellite MS images",
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> |
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Workflow. Interaction process

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Workflow. Interaction process

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RStudio

File Edit Code View Plots Session Build Debug Profile Tools Help

NF-HabitatCode-T2.2-Block1.R NF-HabitatCode-T2.2-Block2.R NF-HabitatCode-T2.2-Block3.R NF-HabitatCode-T2.2-Block4.R

Source on Save

77 default = paste0(ProjectDir, '/', gpkg, '.')
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> |
```

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1st iteration of HM-Model (3EDATA)



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2nd iteration of HM-Model (3EDATA)



Habitat Map Results

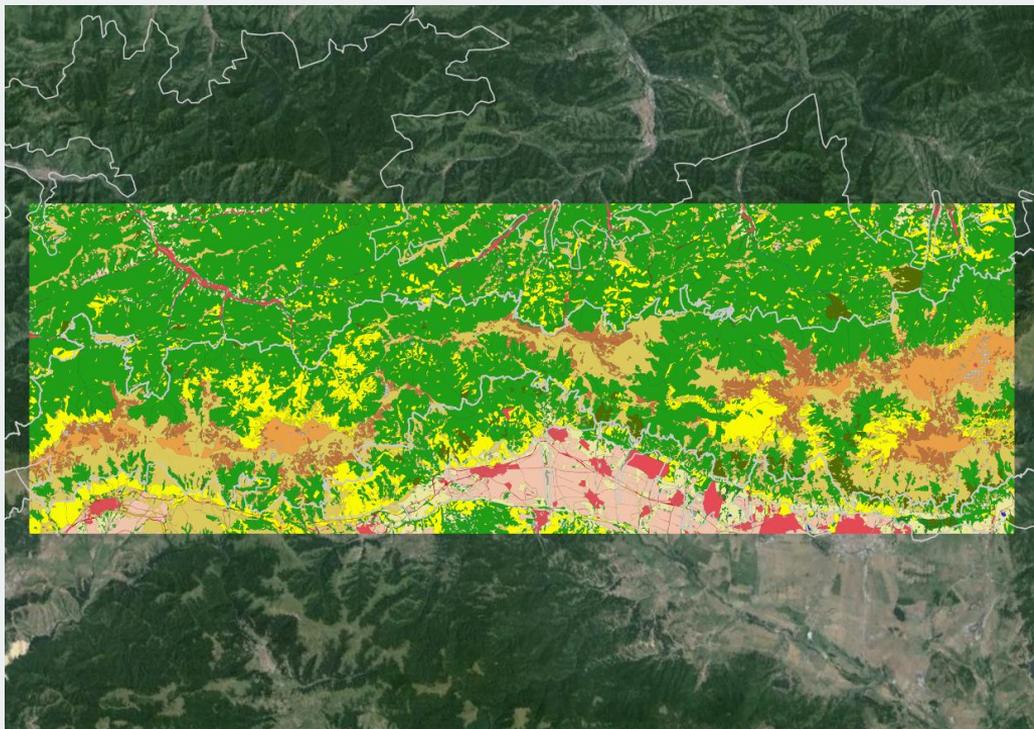


Workflow. Interaction process

Use case: Tsentralen Balkan



Habitat Mapping request (BAS)



C2.1	C2.1 - Springs, spring brooks and geysers
C2.2	C2.2 - Permanent non-tidal, fast, turbulent watercourses
E2.2	E2.2 - Low and medium altitude hay meadows
E2.3	E2.3 - Mountain hay meadows
E4.3	E4.3 - Acid alpine and subalpine grassland
F2.2	F2.2 - Ever green alpine and subalpine heath and scrub
G1.2	G1.2 - Mixed riparian floodplain and gallery woodland
G1.6	G1.6 - Fagus_woodland
G1.7	G1.7 - Thermophilous deciduous woodland
G1A	G1A - Meso- and eutrophic Quercus, Carpinus, Fraxinus, Acer, Tilia, Ulmus and related woodland
G3.1	G3.1 - Abies and Picea woodland
G3.4	G3.4 - Scots pine woodland south of the taiga
G3.5	G3.5 - Black pine (Pinus nigra) woodland
G3.6	G3.6 - Subalpine mediterranean pine woodland
H3.1	H3.1 - Acid siliceous inland cliffs
H3.6	H3.6 - Weathered rock and outcrop habitats
H5	H5 - Miscellaneous inland habitats with very sparse or no vegetation
I	I - Regularly or recently cultivated agricultural
J1	J1 - Buildings of cities, towns and villages
J4	J4 - Transport networks and other constructed hard-surfaced areas
J5	J5 - Highly artificial man-made waters and associated structures

atives
(ATA)



(TAN)
(ATA)



Model
(ATA)



l and
(ATA)



2nd iteration of HM-Model
(3EDATA)



Habitat Map Results



HABITAT MAPPING MODEL

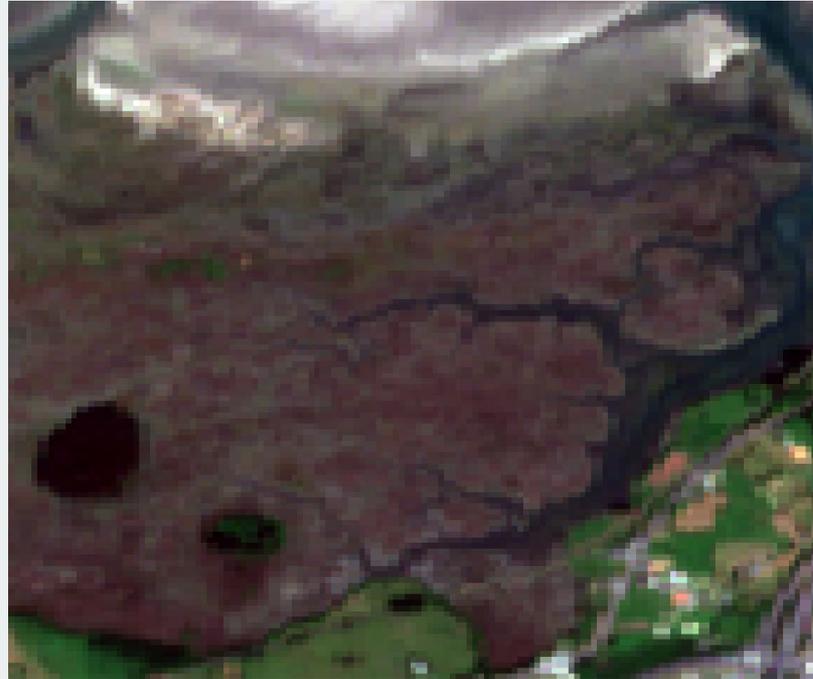
**Very High Resolution
Images**

VHR Habitat Map

Use case: Spain-Ortigueira .

Coastal Habitat Mapping (HM)

■	A - Marine habitats
■	A2.4 - Littoral mixed sediments
■	A2.527 - Atlantic salt scrubs
■	A2.531 - Atlantic upper shore communities
■	A2.554 - Flat-leaved [<i>Spartina</i>] swards
■	A2.6 - Littoral sediments dominated by aquatic angiosperms
■	A5.42 - Sublittoral mixed sediment in variable salinity (estuaries)
■	B1.2 - Sand beaches above the driftline
■	B1.3 - Shifting coastal dunes
■	B1.43 - Mediterraneo-Atlantic fixed grey dunes
■	F3.15 - Gorse thickets
■	G1.214 - Northern Iberian [<i>Alnus</i>] galleries
■	G2.81 - Eucalyptus plantations
■	G3.F2 - Exotic conifer plantations
■	A2.551 - [<i>Salicornia</i>], [<i>Suaeda</i>] and [<i>Salsola</i>] pioneer saltmarshes
■	B1.84 - Dune-slack grassland and heaths
■	B1.48 - Tethyan dune deep sand therophyte communities

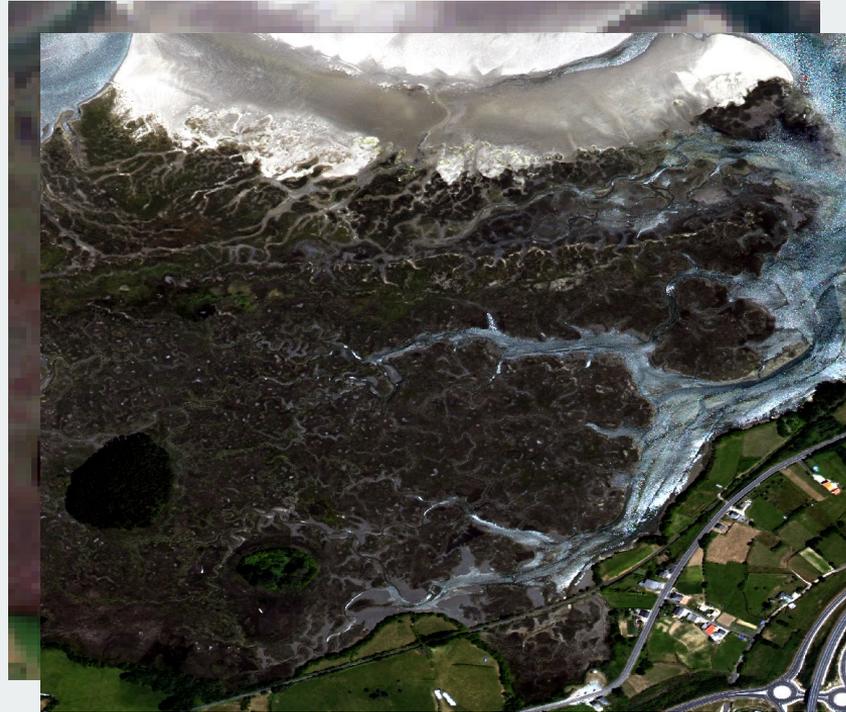


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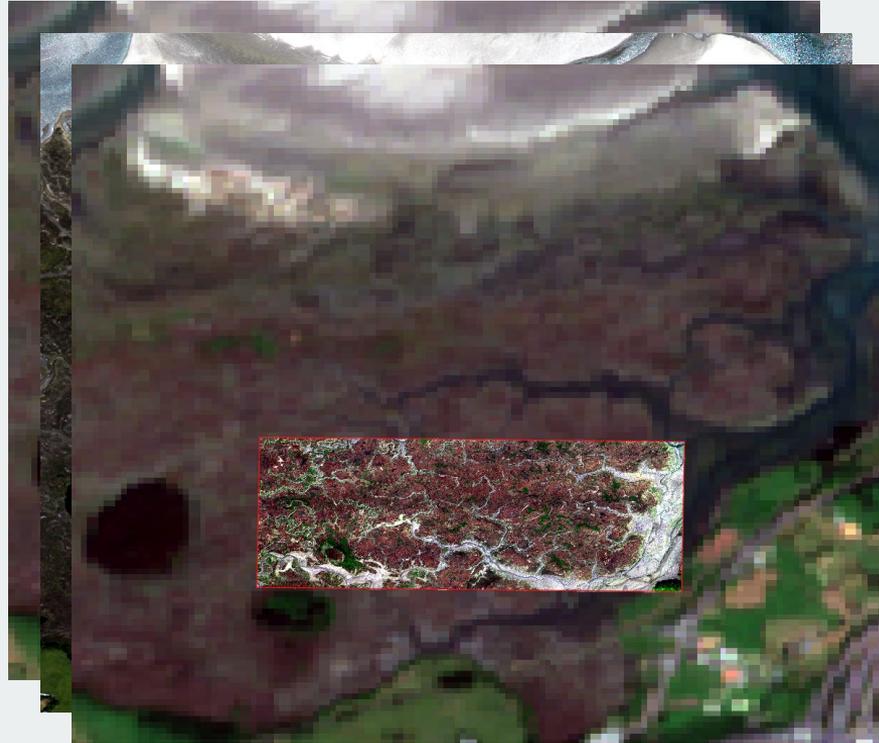


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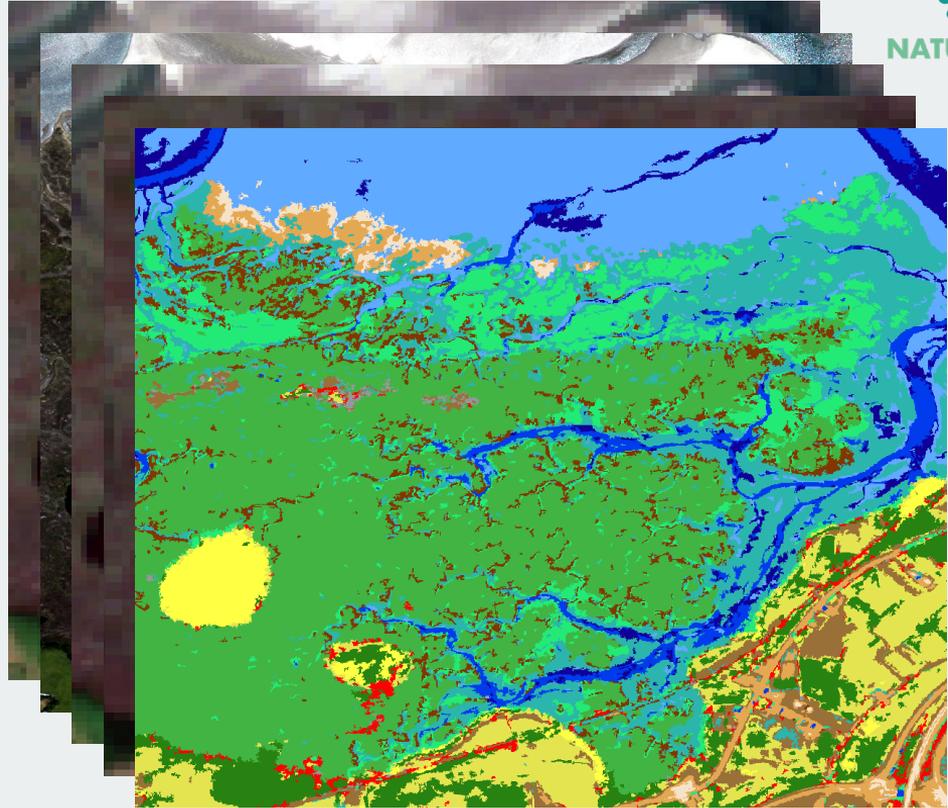
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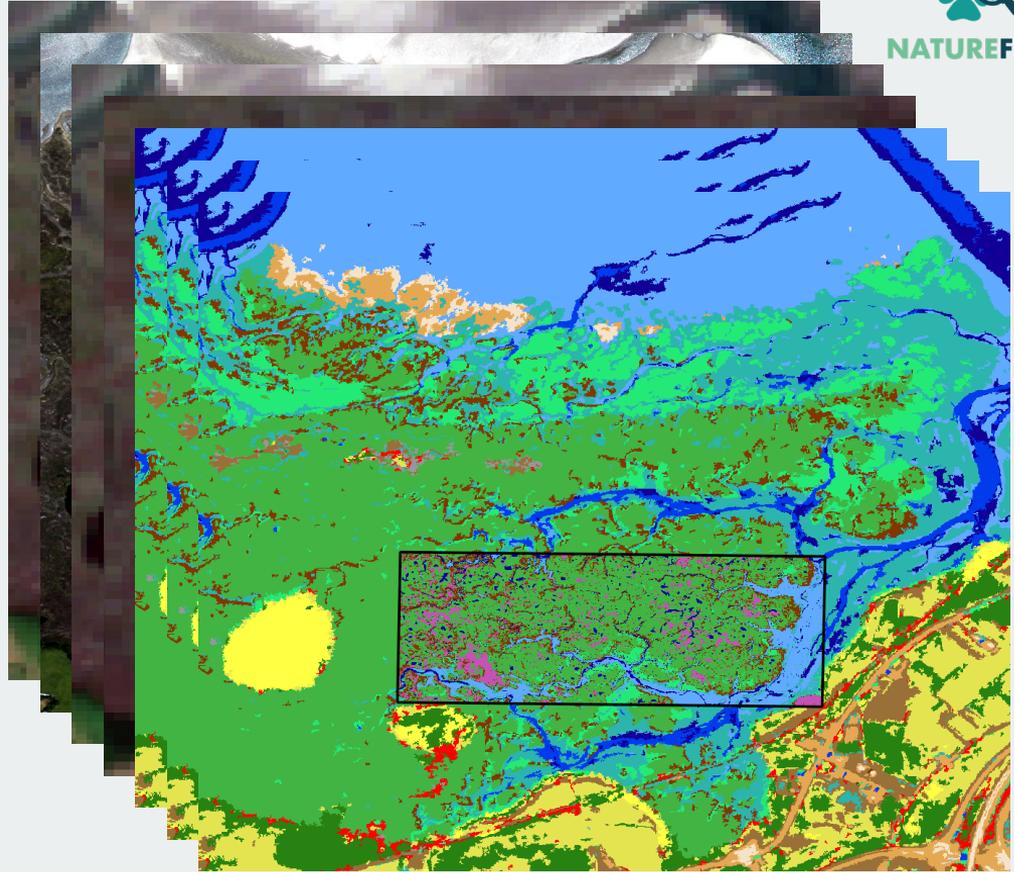
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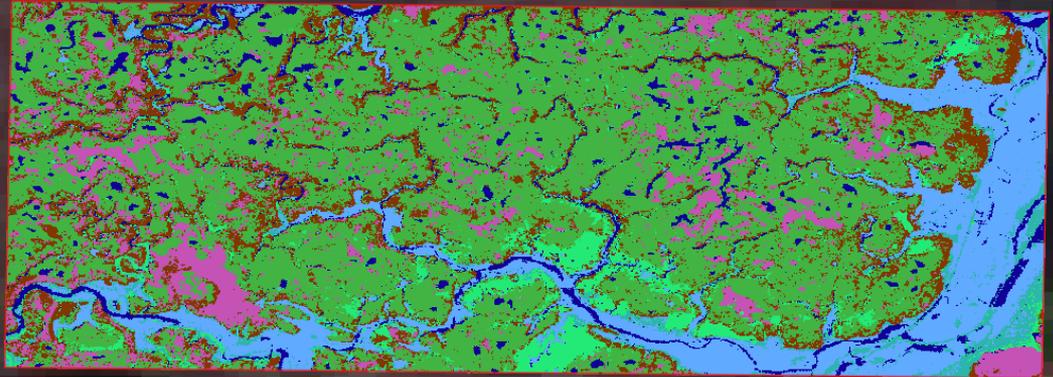
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CHANGE DETECTION

**Monitoring Changes on
protected Habitats with
Satellite Imagery**

Change Detection

Habitat Monitoring



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1

2

3

Objectives

What is happening on the site near to real-time?

- Changes Detection and assessing their impact
 - Degenerative Changes (DC)
 - Regenerative Changes (RC)
- Detect illegal activities (e.g. unauthorised logging)
- Be useful for management and action plans

Inter-comparison results

Certification of results in subsequent iterations

- Monthly update (if MSI is available)
- Comparison of results with previous iteration and certification of these (M0, M-1, M2)
- Qualification of results according to detection date
 - DC first detection
 - DC previously detected
 - DC without prior data

Deliverables

Simultaneous Change Detection layer in three temporal states

- CD M0: Detected changes near real-time for the analysis date
- CD M-1: Changes detected in the previous analysis (one month ago) that are detected again at this date
- CD M-2: Changes detected in the previous analysis (two month ago) that are detected again at this date

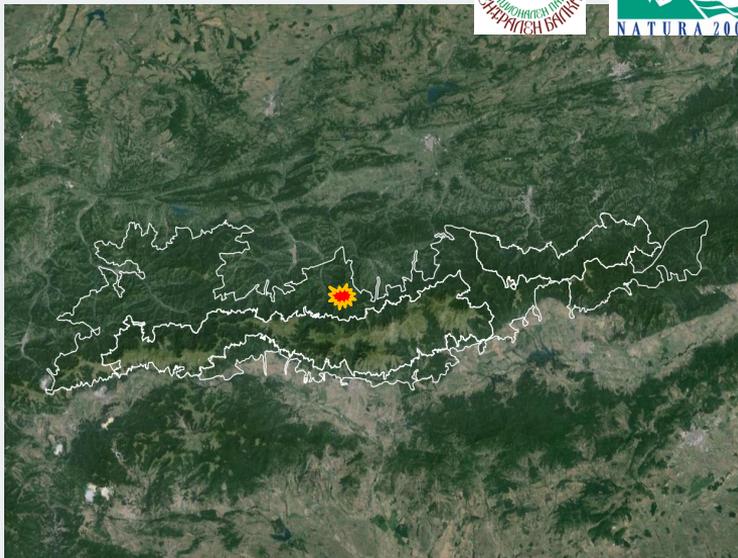
Change Detection

Habitat Monitoring



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Use case: *Bulgaria*
Tsentralen Balkan.



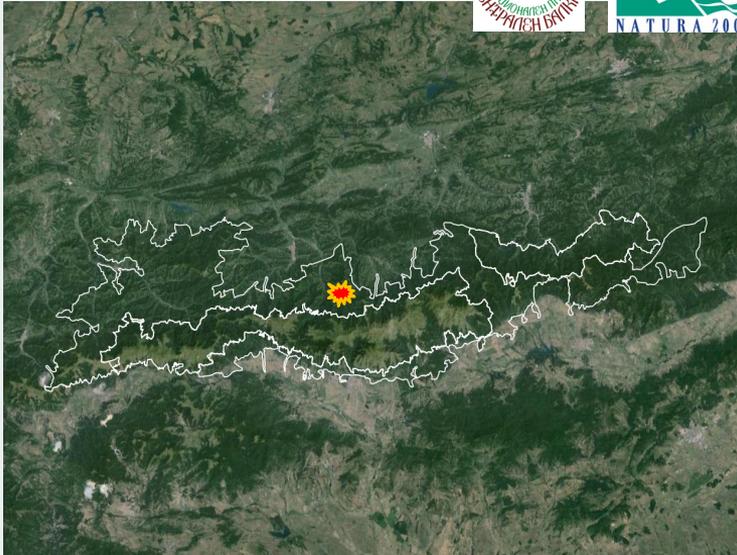
Change Detection

Habitat Monitoring



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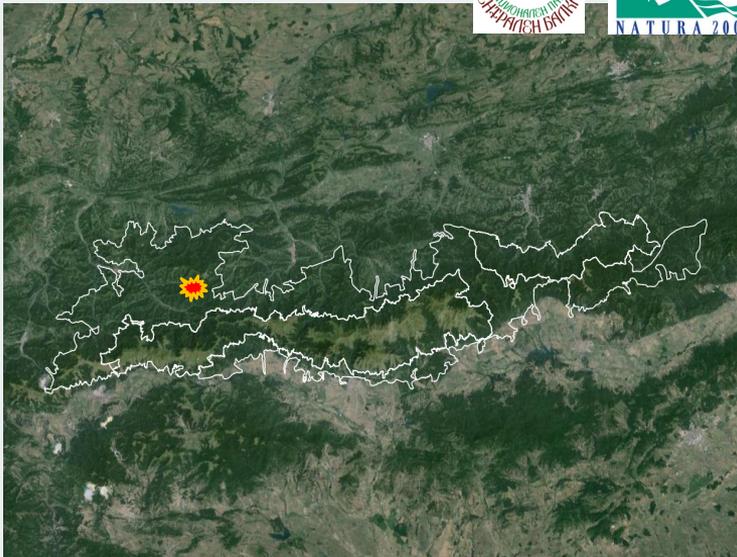
Use case: *Bulgaria*
Tsentralen Balkan.



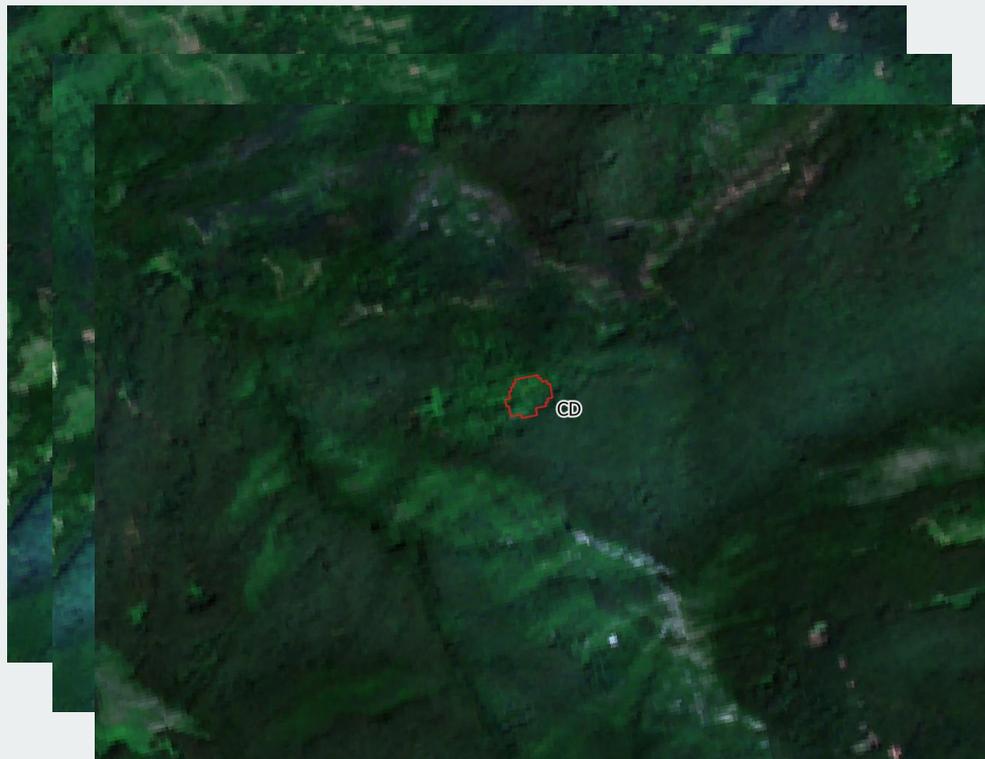
Change Detection

Habitat Monitoring

Use case: *Bulgaria*
Tsentralen Balkan.



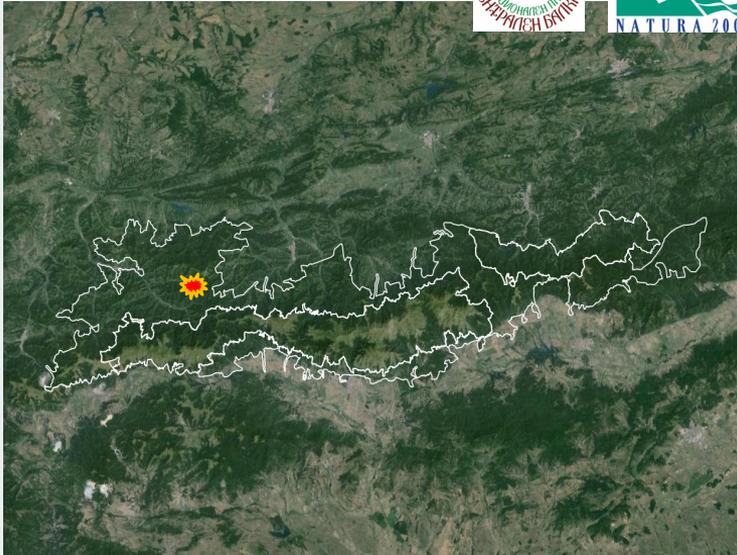
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Change Detection

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NEXT

**Variables of Conservation
Status of Habitats.**



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